

The evaluation of the **Standard Triple P** (STP) effectiveness is currently being conducted in the scope of the research project “Family reunification success after child institutionalization: Testing the effectiveness of a positive parenting intervention”, at the Faculty of Psychology and Education Science of the University of Porto. The research project, funded by the Portuguese Science Foundation (FCT; PTDC/SOC-ASO/31727/201) consists of a quasi-experimental trial with 150 families from the municipalities of the Douro Litoral Region in Portugal. Participants can either be part of the intervention condition and receive STP intervention or be part of the control group and receive a business-as-usual parenting intervention.

Families are evaluated in four assessment time points: at baseline, before the intervention; immediately after the intervention; and 3 and 6-months after the intervention. All the families referred to the research project have at least a 6 to 11 years-old child, are followed by the protective services, are at-risk for family breakdown, and are identified by the protective services as families who would benefit from receiving parenting intervention.

For more information, please see <https://doi.org/10.17605/OSF.IO/A53BJ>